10/552,595K Part with species Yong Chu 04/24/2009

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 ENTRY
 SESSION

 FULL ESTIMATED COST
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L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED L2 50 S L1

L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L4 12498 S L1 FULL
SAVE L4 YC10552595/A
L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L6 STRUCTURE UPLOADED L7 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> file reg

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FULL ESTIMATED COST ENTRY SESSION 211.32 211.54

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```
12 13 14 19 20 22 24 25 26 27 29 30 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 41
ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
chain bonds :
1-41 2-26 3-24 4-7 5-25 6-27 8-22 10-19 11-20 12-13 13-14 29-30 30-32
30-33 30-34 35-36 35-37 35-38
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-11 8-9 9-10 10-11
exact/norm bonds :
1-41 2-26 3-24 5-25 6-27 7-8 7-11 8-9 8-22 9-10 10-11 10-19 11-20 29-
30
```

exact bonds :

chain nodes :

4-7 12-13 13-14 30-32 30-33 30-34 35-36 35-37 35-38 normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6

### G1:CH3,H,[\*1]

G2:H, CH3

G3:G1,OH,SH,CN,NH2,NO2,X,[\*2],[\*3]

```
Match level :
```

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 22:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 27:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 34:CLASS 35:CLASS 36:CLASS

37:CLASS 38:CLASS

41:CLASS

L8 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d L8 HAS NO ANSWERS

L8 STR

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 18 sam sss sub=14

SAMPLE SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 10:33:38 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 639 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 639 ITERATIONS

3 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

PROJECTIONS (WITHIN SPECIFIED SUBSET): ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*
PROJECTED ITERATIONS (WITHIN SPECIFIED SUBSET): 11264 TO 14296
PROJECTED ANSWERS (WITHIN SPECIFIED SUBSET): 3 TO 163

L9 3 SEA SUB=L4 SSS SAM L8

=> d scan

- L9 3 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- IN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol, .alpha.-[(1R)-1-[4-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]-.alpha.-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-, (.alpha.R)-
- MF C21 H18 Br F2 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):end

=> s 18 full sss sub=14 FULL SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 10:34:21 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 12498 TO ITERATE

256.50

100.0% PROCESSED 12498 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L10 59 SEA SUB=L4 SSS FUL L8

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 44.96

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 24 Apr 2009 VOL 150 ISS 18 FILE LAST UPDATED: 23 Apr 2009 (20090423/ED)

Caplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

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## http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html

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=> s 110 L11 41 L10

11 41 L10

=> save 111 ENTER NAME OR (END):yc10552595A/A ANSWER SET L11 HAS BEEN SAVED AS 'YC10552595A/A'

=> d ibib abb hitstr 30-41
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ABS ----- GI and AB ALL ----- BIB, AB, IND, RE

APPS ----- AI, PRAI

BIB ----- AN, plus Bibliographic Data and PI table (default) CAN ----- List of CA abstract numbers without answer numbers

CBIB ----- AN, plus Compressed Bibliographic Data

CLASS ----- IPC, NCL, ECLA, FTERM

DALL ----- ALL, delimited (end of each field identified)

DMAX ----- MAX, delimited for post-processing

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FAM ----- AN, PI and PRAI in table, plus Patent Family data
FBIB ----- AN, BIB, plus Patent FAM
IND ----- Indexing data
IPC ----- International Patent Classifications
MAX ----- ALL, plus Patent FAM, RE
PATS ----- PI, SO
SAM ----- CC, SX, TI, ST, IT
SCAN ----- CC, SX, TI, ST, IT (random display, no answer numbers;
             SCAN must be entered on the same line as the DISPLAY.
             e.g., D SCAN or DISPLAY SCAN)
STD ----- BIB, CLASS
IABS ----- ABS, indented with text labels
IALL ----- ALL, indented with text labels
IBIB ----- BIB, indented with text labels
IMAX ----- MAX, indented with text labels
ISTD ----- STD, indented with text labels
OBIB ----- AN, plus Bibliographic Data (original)
OIBIB ----- OBIB, indented with text labels
SBIB ----- BIB, no citations
SIBIB ----- IBIB, no citations
HIT ----- Fields containing hit terms
HITIND ----- IC, ICA, ICI, NCL, CC and index field (ST and IT)
             containing hit terms
HITRN ----- HIT RN and its text modification
HITSTR ----- HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, and
             its structure diagram
HITSEQ ----- HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, its
             structure diagram, plus NTE and SEQ fields
FHITSTR ---- First HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, and
             its structure diagram
FHITSEQ ---- First HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, its
            structure diagram, plus NTE and SEQ fields
KWIC ----- Hit term plus 20 words on either side
OCC ----- Number of occurrence of hit term and field in which it occurs
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L11 ANSWER 30 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

=> d ibib abs hitstr 30-41

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:568095 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:168095

RIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 95:28085a,28088a

TITLE: Free-radical reactions of diazonium salts with alpha., beta.-unsaturated carbonyl compounds. A new synthesis of 1,4-diarylpyrazole derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Citterio, Attilio; Ramperti, Massimo; Vismara, Elena CORPORATE SOURCE: Ist. Chim., Politec. Milano, Milan, 20133, Italy SOURCE: Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry (1981), 18(4), 763-6

CODEN: JHTCAD; ISSN: 0022-152X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 95:168095

AB Free-radical decompn. of benzene diazonium salts catalyzed by titanous or titanous and ferrous salts in th presence of .beta.-substituted .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. carbonyl compds., e.g., 4-methyl-3-pentene-2-one, Me 2-butenoate, leads to 1,4-diarylpyrazole derivs. The reaction occurs via an intermediate azo compds., which can be reduced by the metal salt or can be

isolated and hydrogenated to pyrazole derivs. IT 79481-66-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)

RN 79481-66-6 CAPLUS

CN Pyrazolidine, 1,4-bis(4-chlorophenyl)-3,3,5-trimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

L11 ANSWER 31 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:179094 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 84:179094

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 84:29023a,29026a

TITLE: Anisotropy effects of conjugated cyclic systems, I.

NMR spectra of mesityl- and (9-anthryl)-substituted aromatic compounds

aromatic compounds

AUTHOR(S): Bock, Bodo; Kuhr, Manfred; Musso, Hans CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Karlsruhe, Kar.

ORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Karlsruhe, Karlsruhe, Fed. Rep. Ger.

Keb. Ger.

SOURCE: Chemische Berichte (1976), 109(3), 1184-94

CODEN: CHBEAM; ISSN: 0009-2940

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: German

AB Magnetic anisotropies in mesityl and 9-anthryl derivs of benzene, mesitylene, anthracene, pyrimidine, pyrazole, and isoxazole were measured via 1H-NMR chem. shift data. The chem. shift differences of the 1-H and 4-H signals of 9-anthryl substituents are a measure of the magnetic anisotropy of arom. systems.

IT 59146-22-4

RL: PRP (Properties)
(NMR of)



L11 ANSWER 32 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:175242 CAPLUS Full-text 82:175242

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 82:27995a,27998a

TITLE:

Compositions of

1,2-dialkyl-3(and/or4)-aryl-3-pyrazolines and salts and method of lowering blood sugar levels with them

INVENTOR(S):

Jacquier, Robert Schering A.-G., Fr.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

U.S., 9 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Pat.ent. English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3818095	A	19740618	US 1972-243427	19720412
RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1972-243427	19720412

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AR 2-Pyrazolinium perchlorates (I) were prepd. and used in pharmaceutical compns. as hypoglycemics. Thus propiophenone [93-55-0], MeNHNHMe.2HCl [306-37-6], and HCHO [50-00-0] in EtOH with HCl were heated at reflux for 5 hr and worked up to give 1,2,4-trimethyl-3-phenyl-3-pyrazoline (II) [18508-29-7]. II (and other pyrazolines) were treated with HClO4 to give the perchlorate salts with a shift of the double bond to position 2. A tablet formulation contained, e.g., 50 mg/tablet 1,2,4-trimethyl-3-phenyl-2-pyrazolinium perchlorate [18075-75-7].

ΙT 51771-94-9P 51772-13-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)

RN 51771-94-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1,2,5-trimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

51772-13-5 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolium, 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1,2,3-trimethyl-, perchlorate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 51772-12-4 CMF C12 H16 C1 N2

CM 2

CRN 14797-73-0 CMF C1 O4

L11 ANSWER 33 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:496468 CAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:96468

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 81:15239a,15242a

TITLE: Compositions of 1,2-alkyl arylpyrazolium quaternary salts and lowering blood sugar levels with same

INVENTOR(S): Sherlock, Margaret
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering Corp.
SOURCE: U.S., 10 pp.
CODEN: USXXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

I	PATI	ENT	NO.		KIND	DATE		APF	LICATI	ON N	0.	DA	TE
							-						
Ţ	US :	3818	096		A	1974061	.8	US	1972-2	4342	9	19	720412
PRIOR:	ITY	APE	LN.	INFO.:				US	1972-2	4342	9	19	720412
A D	Com	mne	for	loverin	a blood	anaar.	1011010		n	blo.	adad anima		outfor.

Compns. for lowering blood sugar levels in warm blooded animals suffering from hyperglycemia consist of a pharmaceutical carrier and I. Thus, to Ph3CCl in MeCN was added 1,2-dimethyl-3-phenyl-3-pyrazoline in MeCN to give after workupl,2-dimethyl-3-phenylpyrazolium chloride (II), m.p. 190-2.degree. (decompn.) Tablets are prepd. contg. II 100.00, confectioner's sugar (food grade) 123.00, polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP) 10.00, corn starch (food grade, dried) 13.00, SiO2 2.00, and Mg sterate (U.S.P.) 2.00 mg/tablet. A damp mass consisting of II, the sugar, and PVP is prepd., dried, and reduced to granules. The starch, SiO2, and Mg stearate are added and mixed in. The compn. is then compressed into tablets.

IT 54156-57-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(antihyperglycemic, prepn. of)

RN 54156-57-9 CAPLUS CN 1H-Pyrazolium, 4-(

1H-Pyrazolium, 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,2,3-trimethyl-, (2E)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 54156-56-8 CMF C12 H14 C1 N2

CM 2

CRN 18610-40-7 CMF C4 H3 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.



L11 ANSWER 34 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:120928 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 80:120928

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 80:19467a,19470a

TITLE: Antiglycemic 3-pyrazolines
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Laboratoire Cetrane

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Laboratoire Cetrane
SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 39 pp.
CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2179559	A1	19731123	FR 1972-12761	19720412
FR 2179559	B1	19750425		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1972-12761	19720412

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Pyrazoles I, II, and III (R = Me, Ph, substituted phenyl; RI = H, Me, Et, Ph, p-ClC6H4; R2 = H, Me, Ph; X = ClO4, iodide, fumarate) (56 compds.), were prepd. Condensation of RCOCHRICHER2 or RCOCHRICHE with MeMFHNHM-JEHCI and paraformaldehyde gave I or II, resp. LiAlH4 redn. of II gave pyrazolinium III.

RN 51771-94-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1,2,5-trimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 51772-13-5 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolium, 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1,2,3-trimethyl-, perchlorate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 51772-12-4

CMF C12 H16 C1 N2

CM 2

CRN 14797-73-0 CMF C1 04

RN 51772-18-0 CAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 51771-94-9 CMF C12 H15 C1 N2

CM 2

CRN 110-17-8

Double bond geometry as shown.

L11 ANSWER 35 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:108434 CAPLUS Fuil-text 80:108434

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 80:17443a,17446a

TITLE:

Reactivity of 4-diazo-3,5-dimethylpyrazole. IV.

Catalytic action of hydroquinone in the Gomberg-Bachmann reaction

AUTHOR(S): Fukata, Gouki; Kawazoe, Yuichi; Taguchi, Tanezo

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm. Sci., Kyushu Univ., Fukuoka, Japan

SOURCE: Yakugaku Zasshi (1974), 94(1), 36-43

CODEN: YKKZAJ; ISSN: 0031-6903

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Japanese

Refluxing 4-diazo-3,5-dimethylpyrazole (I) in benzene for a long time afforded AB 4-phenyl-3,5-dimethylpyrazole, 1H,4H-3-methylpyrazolo[4,3-c]-pyrazole, 3,5dimethylpyrazole, and biphenyl in 36, 15, 12, and 7% yields, resp. Replacement of benzene with nitrobenzene in this reaction gave o-, m-, and pisomers of 4-(nitrophenyl)-3,5-dimethylpyrazole in a ratio of 10:2.8:3.0. In these reactions, addn. of hydroquinone (catalytic quantity, 5% by wt. of I) was very effective in increasing the yield of 4-aryl-3,5-dimethylpyrazole and reduction of reaction time. The intermediate in these reactions was a diazonium salt which was formed by the addn. of one mole of hydroquinone to two moles of I.

51463-73-1P

ΙT

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)

(formation of, by refluxing diazodimethylpyrazole in benzonitrile)

51463-73-1 CAPLUS RN

CN Benzonitrile, 4-(3,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

51463-76-4P

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation) (formation of, by refluxing diazodimethylpyrazole in chlorobenzene)

RN 51463-76-4 CAPLUS

1H-Pyrazole, 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-3,5-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 42418-61-1P

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation) (formation of, by refluxing diazodimethylpyrazole in nitrobenzene)

RN 42418-61-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 3,5-dimethyl-4-(4-nitrophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 51463-81-1P 51463-82-2P

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation) (formation of, by refluxing diazodimethylpyrazole in toluene)

RN 51463-81-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 3,5-dimethyl-4-(3-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 51463-82-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 3,5-dimethyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L11 ANSWER 36 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:452480 CAPLUS Full-text

79:52480

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 79:8467a,8470a

TITLE: Reactivity of 4-diazo-3,5-dimethylpyrazole AUTHOR(S): Fukata, Gouki; Kawazoe, Yuichi; Taguchi, Tanezo

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm. Sci., Kyushu Univ., Fukuoka, Japan SOURCE:

Tetrahedron Letters (1973), (15), 1199-200 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

The title compd. (I) was heated in Me3COH-AcOH, Me3COH, and EtOH to give 70% II, 45% III, and 85% MeCHO resp. Heating I in C6H6 gave 15% II, 12% 3,5dimethylpyrazole, 7% biphenyl, and 36% IV. Hydroquinone and benzoquinone

catalyzed the reaction giving IV (68%). III was also obtained by coupling I with II in Me3COH. Heating I in PhNO2 gave 4-nitrophenyl-3,5-dimethylpyrazole

with a ratio of o:m:p-isomers = 10:3:3. 42418-61-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)

RN 42418-61-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 3,5-dimethyl-4-(4-nitrophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

L11 ANSWER 37 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:539882 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:139882

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 77:23001a,23004a

TITLE: Pyrazoles. IX. Nitration of 1-methvl-4-phenvlpvrazole

AUTHOR(S): Cohen-Fernandes, Pauline; Habraken, Clarisse L. CORPORATE SOURCE: Gorlaeus Lab., Univ. Leiden, Leiden, Neth.

SOURCE: Recueil des Travaux Chimiques des Pays-Bas (1972),

91(9-10), 1185-92

CODEN: RTCPA3; ISSN: 0165-0513

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English

LANGUAGE:

The phenyl and the pyrazole ring were both substituted on nitration with acetyl nitrate and a predominant ortho substitution in the phenyl ring was obsd. The pyrazole ring was susceptible to nitration at positions other than the, hitherto favored, 4-position,

37921-11-2P 37921-15-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of) RN 37921-11-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 1-methyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 37921-15-6 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 1-methyl-4-(4-nitrophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L11 ANSWER 38 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN 1963:46687 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u> ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 58:46687

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 58:7921a-c

TITLE: Derivatives of 3-substituted pyrazolones and

3-substituted pyrazolines

AUTHOR(S): Kurihara, Tozaburo; Takeda, Hideo; Iino, Naoko

CORPORATE SOURCE: Tohoku Coll. Pharm., Sendai SOURCE:

Tohoku Yakka Daigaku Kiyo (1961), 8, 103-9

CODEN: TYDKAG; ISSN: 0372-347X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. GI

AB 1-Phenyl-3-chloro-4-pyrazoolone (1.9 g.) was warmed with 0.9 g. Me2NH in MeOH in an autoclave 2 hrs. to give 1-phenyl-3-dimethylamino-5-pyrazolone, m. 132.degree. (EtOH). Similarly prepd. were the following I (R, R1, R2, and m.p. given): H, H, NEt2, 131.degree.; H, H, (iso-Bu)2 N, 108.degree.; H, Br, (iso-Bu)2 N, 138-40.degree.; H, Cl, (iso-Bu)2N, 126.degree.; H, H, piperidyl, 139.degree.; H, H, morpholyl, 134.degree.; Bu, H, morpholyl, 225.degree.; H, Br, morpholyl, 165.degree.; H, Cl, morpholyl, 143.degree.; H. Me, morpholyl, 168-170.degree.; H, OMe, morpholyl, 127-30.degree.; H, H, Et2NCH2NH, 202.degree.; H, H, Et2NCH2CONH, 158.degree.; H, H, morpholylacetamido.

IT 94628-03-7

(Derived from data in the 7th Collective Formula Index (1962-1966))

RN 94628-08-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolium, 1,2-dimethyl-4-(4-nitrophenyl)-, perchlorate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 94628-07-6 CMF C11 H12 N3 O2

CM 2

CRN 14797-73-0 CMF C1 O4

$$\circ = \overset{\circ}{\text{li}} - \circ \text{-}$$

L11 ANSWER 39 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:46686 CAPLUS Full-text 58:46686

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 58:7920h,7921a

TITLE: The 1,2-dithiolium cation. A new pseudoaromatic system. III. Conversion of dithiolium salts to quaternary pyrazolium salts and dithiolethiones

AUTHOR(S): Klingsberg, Erwin CORPORATE SOURCE: Am. Cyanamid Co., Bound Brook, NJ

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1963), 28, 529-30

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 58:46686

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB cf. CA 57, 1679le. 4-Phenyl-(I) and 4-p-nitrophenyl-1,2-dithiolium salts react with N,N'-disubstituted hydrazines to give N,N-disubstituted pyrazolium salte, e.g., II, and with sulfur to give 1,2-dithiole-3-thiones, e.g., IIII.

IT 94628-03-7P, 1,2-Dimethyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)pyrazolium perchlorate

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of) RN 94628-08-7 CAPLUS

RN 94628-08-/ CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolium, 1,2-dimethyl-4-(4-nitrophenyl)-, perchlorate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 94628-07-6 CMF C11 H12 N3 O2

CM 2

CRN 14797-73-0 CMF C1 O4

L11 ANSWER 40 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1958:55872 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 52:55872 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 52:10061i,10062a-c

TITLE: Synthesis of 2-substituted-acenaphtheno(4',5'-

4,5)imidazole derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Saikachi, Haruo; Tsuge, Otohiko; Yoshimura, Kazuki

CORPORATE SOURCE: Kyushu Univ., Fukuoka

SOURCE: Kogyo Kagaku Zasshi (1956), 59, 933-6

CODEN: KGKZA7; ISSN: 0368-5462

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

cf. C.A. 52, 3779e. 4-Nitro-5-acylaminoacenaphthenes (I) (formyl, m. 226-7.degree.; Ac, 241.5-2.0.degree.; Bz, 228-9.degree.) were obtained from 5amino-acenaphthene through the 5-acylaminoacenaphthene. Formyl and Ac derivs. of I were hydrolyzed by heating with EtOH-HC1 20 hrs. to give 4-nitro-5aminoacenaphthene (II), m. 212-13.degree.. II was reduced with SnCl in HCl satd. EtOH to give 4,5-diaminoacenaphthene (III), m. 137.degree.. III (1 g.) with 3 cc. boiling 80% HCO2H gave 0.6 g. acenaphtheno(4',5'-4,5)imidazole, m. 221-2.degree.. III (1 g.) with 2 cc. Ac20 in C6H6 on an H2O bath gave 0.6 g. 1-(N-acetyl)-2-methyl-acenaphtheno(4',5'-4,5)imidazole (IV), m. 263.degree.. Ac deriv, of I was reduced in Ac20 by Zn and converted to IV. The reduction of formyl deriv, of I in Ac20 with Zn by boiling gave 1-(N-carboxy) - 2 methylacenaphtheno(4',5' - 4,5)imidazole, m. 279.degree., sol. in aq. NaOH. 4,5-Dibenzoyldiaminoacenaphthene, m. 282-3.degree., was obtained by boiling III with BzCl. III.HCl (1 g.) heated with 0.3 g. urea at 150-5.degree. 45 min. and extd. with aq. NaOH and then EtOAc gave acenaphtheno-(4',5'-4,5)-2imidazolinone, m. above 340.degree.. Similarly, III.HCl with thiourea at 230.degree. or 450.degree. gave acenaphtheno-(4',5'-4,5)-2-thioimidazolinone, m. above 340.degree..

102599-03-1P, Pyrazole, 1,1'-ethylidenebis[5-methyl-4-(p-TΤ nitrophenvl)-

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)

102599-03-1 CAPLUS RN

CN Pyrazole, 1,1'-ethylidenebis[5-methyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L11 ANSWER 41 OF 41 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1958:55871 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 52:55871 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 52:10061e-i

TITLE: Products from the reaction of diazoethane with

diazoketones

Yates, P.; Farnum, D. G.; Wiley, D. W. AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Harvard Univ.

Chemistry & Industry (London, United Kingdom) (1958) SOURCE:

CODEN: CHINAG; ISSN: 0009-3068

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

cf. C.A. 43, 4652g, 6992e. The structures ArCOCR:NN:CHR' (R = R' = Me) (I) AB and (R = H, R' = Me) (II) (Ar = p-02NC6H4 throughout) previously proposed (C.A. 43, 6992e) for the products of the reaction between ARCOCRN2 and MeCHN2 were confirmed. I, m. 99-100.degree., .lambda. 265 m.mu. (.epsilon. 13,700), .lambda. 5.93, 6.06, 6.23 .mu., boiled 15 min. with 70% EtOH gave (ArCOCMe:NNH)2CHMe (III), m. 159-60.degree., .lambda. 268 and 315 m.mu. (.epsilon. 35,300 and 18,900), .lambda. 3.04, 6.03 (shoulder), 6.06, 6.24, 6.39 .mu., corresponding to the earlier compd., C11H9O2N3 (C.A. 43, 6992e). III with Ac20 and NaOAc gave ArCOCMe:NNHAc, m. 165.5-6.5.degree., .lambda, 245 and 278 m.mu. (.epsilon. 12,100 and 19,300), .lambda. 3.04, 5.81, 5.92, 5.99, 6.26 .mu., identical with the acetylated product of ArCOCMe:NNH2 (IV), m. 173-3.2.degree., .lambda. 274 m.mu. (.epsilon. 14,200), .lambda. 2.92, 3.03, 3.31, 6.04, 6.16, 6.25, 6.36 .mu., obtained by NH4HS reduction of ArCOCMeN2. III with BzH gave ArCOCMe:NN:CHPh, m. 114.5-15.5.degree., .lambda. 5.98, 6.18, 6.23, 6.40 .mu., also obtained from IV. I with IV 6 days in CHCl3 or refluxing in abs. EtOH gave III (63% yield by the 2nd method). I heated alone in abs. EtOH gave ArcocMe: NNHCHMeOEt, m. 126-7.degree., .lambda. 268 and 305 m.mu. (.epsilon. 17,750 and 11,000), .lambda. 3.03, 6.08, 6.24, 6.42 .mu., which was converted to III by treatment with aq. EtOH. ArCOCHN2 with MeCHN2 gave the 2 stereoisomers of II, A, m. 69-70.degree., .lambda. 5.93, 6.09, 6.22 .mu., B, m. 121-2.degree. (decompn.), .lambda. 5.99, 6.09, 6.24, 6.29 .mu.; A was converted to B by heating at its m.p. Further reaction of II with MeCHN2 gave ArCOCMe: CHNHN: CHMe (V), m. 136-6.5..degree., .lambda. 298 m.mu. (.epsilon. 22,800), .lambda. 3.02, 6.08, 6.16, 6.31 .mu., corresponding to the earlier compd. (C.A. 43, 6992e), C14H17O3N3. Hydrolysis of V in cold 2N HCl gave 3-(p-nitrophenyl)-4-methylpyrazole (VI), m. 181.5-2.degree., .lambda. 2.92, 3.13, 6.23 .mu., identified by nitration of the Ph analog, and [ArC:CMe.CH:N.N]2CHMe, m. 201.5-2.5.degree., .lambda. 231 and 318 m.mu. (.epsilon. 22,500 and 21,800), .lambda. 6.24 and 6.44 .mu.. Ultraviolet spectra were taken in CH2C12, infrared spectra in CHC13.

(T 102599-03-1P, Pyrazole, 1,1'-ethylidenebis[5-methyl-4-(pnitrophenyl)-RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of) 102599-03-1 CAPLUS

CN Pyrazole, 1,1'-ethylidenebis[5-methyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:51:38 ON 24 APR 2009

L2 50 S L1

L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L4 12498 S L1 FULL

SAVE L4 YC10552595/A STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED L6 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L7 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:33:00 ON 24 APR 2009

L8 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L9 3 S L8 SAM SSS SUB=L4 L10 59 S L8 FULL SSS SUB=L4

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:34:26 ON 24 APR 2009 41 S L10

SAVE L11 YC10552595A/A

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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:43:58 ON 24 APR 2009

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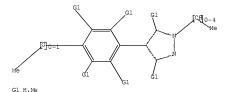
### G1:H,CH3

Match level: 1:1Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 21:CLASS 22:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 26:CLASS 26:CLASS 27:CLASS 26:CLASS 27:CLASS 26:CLASS 27:CLASS 27:CLASS

### L13 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6

=> d L13 HAS NO ANSWERS L13 STR



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=> s 1.13 sam sss sub=14 SAMPLE SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 11:17:27 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 119 TO ITERATE

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PROJECTED ITERATIONS (WITHIN SPECIFIED SUBSET): 1726 TO 3034
PROJECTED ANSWERS (WITHIN SPECIFIED SUBSET): 0 TO 0

L14 0 SEA SUB=L4 SSS SAM L13

=> s 113 full sss sub=4 4 IS NOT A VALID L# L-numbers must be in the range L1-L999. ENTER SUBSET L# OR (END):end SEARCH ENDED BY USER

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L16 15 L15

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L16 ANSWER 1 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:636634 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:10000

TITLE: Preparation of novel pyrazole derivatives as harmful organism control agents, and use of the control agents

INVENTOR(S): Tanaka, Koji; Hasebe, Motohiro; Kuroki, Nobutaka;

Suwa, Akiyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nihon Nohyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 138pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

GI

PATENT				KIN	D	DATE			APPL					-	ATE		
WO 2008				A1	-	2008	0529	1			JP72				0071		
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BH,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	
	CH,	CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DO,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	
	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	GT,	HN,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	
	KM,	KN,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚZ,	LA,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LY,	MA,	MD,	ME,	
	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MY,	MZ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	
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	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	MT,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	
	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	
	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	
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OTHER SOURCE	(S):			MAR	PAT	149:	10000	)									
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ΙI

- AB N-2-(substituted pyrazolyl)ethylcarboxamide derivs. represented by the general formula (I) or salts thereof [R1, R2 = H, C1-6 alkvl; or R1 and R2 together form C3-6 cycloalkane; R3 = H, C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkoxy-C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkylcarbonyl, C1-6 alkoxycarbonyl; Ar = Ph, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolyl, furyl, thienyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, thiadiazolyl; X = halo, cyano, NO2, C1-6 alkyl, halo-C1-6 alkyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, C1-6 alkoxy, halo-C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 alkylthio, halo-C1-6 alkylthio, C1-6 alkoxy-C1-6 alkylthio, C1-6 alkylsulfinyl, halo-C1-6 alkylsulfinyl, C1-6 alkylsulfonyl, halo-C1-6 alkylsulfonyl, NH2, mono- or di(C1-6 alkyl)amino, each ring-(un)substituted piperidino, Ph, PhO, phenyl-C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkoxyimino-C1-6 alkyl; n = an integer of 0-5; Y1, Y2, Y3 = H, halo, cyano, C1-6 alkyl, halo-C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkylcarbonyl, C1-6 alkoxy, halo-C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 alkoxy-C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkylthio, halo-C1-6 alkylthio, C1-6 alkylsulfinyl, halo-C1-6 alkylsulfinyl, C1-6 alkylsulfonyl, halo-C1-6 alkylsulfonyl, NH2, mono- or di(C1-6 alkyl)amino, CONH2, mono- or di(C1-6 alkyl)carbamoyl, each (un)substituted Ph, heterocyclyl, or heterocyclylcarbonyl, etc.; or adjacent two Xs, Y1 and Y2, or Y2 and Y3 represent C3-5 alkylene, C3-5 alkenylene, C1-3 alkylenedioxy, or halo-C1-3 alkylenedioxy] were prepd. There is also disclosed a harmful organism control agent comprising the deriv. or the salt thereof as an active ingredient. These compds. exhibit controlling effect on plant pests with a wide spectrum of fungicidal or nematocidal activity. Thus, 0.26 g 2-[3,5bis(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-1-yl]-1- methylethylamine was mixed with 10 mL THF, followed by adding sequentially Et3N 0.30, 2-iodobenzoic acid 0.25, and 2-chloro-1-methylpyridinium iodide 0.31 g, and the resulting mixt. was stirred for 2 h to give 79% N-[2-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)pyrazol-1-yl]-1methylethyl]-2-iodobenzamide (II). II at 200 ppm controlled .gtoreq.70-79% Alternaria brassicae on cabbage leaves and Blumeria graminis hordei on barley seedlings.
- IT 1029414-87-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of N-2-(substituted pyrazolyl)ethylcarboxamide derivs. as harmful organism control agents, in particular fungicides and nematocides)

- RN 1029414-87-6 CAPLUS
- CN 1H-Pyrazole-1-ethanamine, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-.alpha.,3(or .alpha.,5)-dimethyl-5(or 3)-(trifluoromethyl)-, (.alpha.S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

D1—Me

REFERENCE COUNT: 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:614394 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:234920

TITLE: New Catalysts for Suzuki-Miyaura Coupling Reactions of

Heteroatom-Substituted Heteroaryl Chlorides

AUTHOR(S): Guram, Anil S.; Wang, Xiang; Bunel, Emilio E.; Faul,

Margaret M.; Larsen, Robert D.; Martinelli, Michael J.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Chemistry Research and Discovery, Amgen Inc., Thousand

Oaks, CA, 91320-1799, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (2007), 72(14), 5104-5112

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 147:234920

AB The new air-stable PdCl2{PR2(Ph-R')}2 complexes, readily prepd. from com. reagents, exhibit unique efficiency as catalysts for the Suzuki-Miyaura coupling reactions of a variety of heteroatom-substituted heteroaryl chlorides with a diverse range of aryl/heteroaryl boronic acids. The coupling reactions catalyzed by the new complexes exhibit high product yields (88-99%) and high catalyst turnover nos. (up to 10,000 TOM).

IIT 887919-41-7P, 4-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1,3,5-trimethyl-1H-pyrazole
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(catalytic Suzuki-Miyaura coupling reactions of heteroatom-substituted

heteroaryl chlorides with aryl/heteroaryl boronic acids)

RN 887919-41-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,3,5-trimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:509883 CAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:501057

TITLE: Antifungal triazole derivatives, processes for

preparing them, and pharmaceutical compositions containing them

INVENTOR(S): Park, Joon Seok; Yu, Kyung A.; Kim, Sun Young; Song, Yeon Jung; Kim, Kang-Pil; Yoon, Yun Soo; Han, Mi

Ryeong

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Daewoong Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., S. Korea

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 62pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

	TENT :				KIN		DATE						NO.		I	DATE	
WO	2007	0529	43		A1		2007	0510							2	0061	031
	W:	AE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	GT,	HN,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KN,
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		IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC.	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR.	BF,	BJ,
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		KG.	KZ.	MD,	RU,	TJ.	TM										
EP	1951	705			A1		2008	0806		EP 2	006-	8123	34		2	20061	031
	R:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
		IS,	IT,	LI,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR	
JP	2009	5136	98		Т		2009	0402		JP 2	-800	5388	14		2	0061	031
US	2008	0287	440		A1		2008	1120		US 2	-800	9215	6		2	0080	430
IN	2008	DN04	370		A		2008	0815		IN 2	-800	DN43	70		- 2	0080	522
KR	2008	0885	83		A		2008	1002		KR 2	008-	7128	56		- 2	0080	528
CN	1013	6569	2		A		2009	0211		CN 2	006-	8004	9309		- 2	0080	626
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										WO 2	006-	KR44	95		W 2	0061	031

### \* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

PR GI

AB The invention relates to antifungal triazole derivs. I, processes for prepg. them, and pharmaceutical prepns. comprising them. In compd. I, Ar is C6-20 aryl substituted with .gtoreq. 1 halo or CF3, R1 is H, F, or C1-4 alkyl; R2, R3, and R4 independently represent H, halo, NO2, CN, NH2, OH, (cyclo|halo)alkyl, alkoxy, (un)substituted (hetero)aryl; including pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof. For instance, the invention compd. II was prepd. by protection of 4-bromo-IH-pyrazole with trityl chloride followed by cross-coupling with 4-fluorophenylboronic acid (51%), deprotection (81%), and addn. to compd. III (56%). The antifungal activities of I were tested, e.g., the invention compd. IV had MIC values of .ltoreq. 0.015 .mu.g/mL against Candida albicans, 0.25 .mu.g/mL against Candida krusei, etc.

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate; prepn. of antifungal triazole derivs.)

936357-31-2 CAPLUS RN

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazole-1-ethanol, .alpha.-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-.alpha.-((1R)-1-[4-(4-methoxypheny1)-1H-pyrazol-1-y1]ethy1]-, (.alpha.R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 4 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:218467 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:274490

Transition metal complexes of N-heterocyclic carbenes, TITLE: method of preparation and use in transition metal

catalyzed organic transformations

INVENTOR(S): O'Brien, Christopher J.; Organ, Michael G.; Kantchev,

Assam B.

Total Synthesis Ltd., Can. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Can. Pat. Appl., 65pp.

CODEN: CPXXEB

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CA 2556850	A1	20070224	CA 2006-2556850	20060823
CA 2551412	A1	20070224	CA 2006-2551412	20060630
US 20070073055	A1	20070329	US 2006-508334	20060823
US 7250510	B2	20070731		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2005-710487P P	20050824
			US 2005-710869P P	20050825
			CA 2006-2551412 A	20060630
			US 2006-817343P P	20060630

CASREACT 146:274490; MARPAT 146:274490 OTHER SOURCE(S):

The present invention relates to catalysts of transition metal complexes of Nheterocyclic carbenes, their methods of prepn. and their use in chem. synthesis. The synthesis, ease-of-use, and activity of the compds. of the present invention are substantial improvements over in situ catalyst generation. Further, the transition metal complexes of N-heterocyclic

carbenes of the present invention may be used as pre-catalysts in metalcatalyzed cross-coupling reactions.

927706-68-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. and use of palladium N-heterocyclic carbenes in catalyzed org. transformations)

RN 927706-68-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 1,3,5-trimethyl-4-(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L16 ANSWER 5 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:23439 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:295309

TITLE: Biaryls made easy: PEPPSI and the Kumada-Tamao-Corriu

reaction

AUTHOR(S): Organ, Michael G.; Abdel-Hadi, Mirvat; Avola,

Stephanie; Hadei, Niloufar; Nasielski, Joanna;

O'Brien, Christopher J.; Valente, Cory

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., York Univ., Toronto, ON, M3J 1P3, Can. SOURCE: Chemistry--A European Journal (2006), 13(1), 150-157

CODEN: CEUJED: ISSN: 0947-6539

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 146:295309

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB An easily employed, highly versatile Kumada-Tamao-Corriu (KTC) protocol utilizing the PEPPSI (Pyridine, Enhanced, Precatalyst, Prepn., Stabilization and Initiation) precatalysts I and II is detailed. The ease-of-use of these catalysts and the synthesis of a wide range of hindered biaryls, large coupling partners, and drug-like heterocycles, in high yield, makes the PEPPSI-KTC protocol very attractive. E.g., I catalyzed the cross-coupling of 4-ClC6H4OMe and 4-MeC6H4MgBr to give 85% biarvl III. The high reactivity of the PEPPSI system allowed a tetra-ortho-substituted heterocycle IV to be synthesized at room temp. for the first time using any protocol. The PEPPSI protocols also tolerated the Boc protecting group and phenols required no protection in modified conditions. A relatively large scale (10 g) reaction was also performed with no loss in performance. Furthermore, I was compared

to previously reported highly active phosphine ligands, e.g. tricyclopropylphosphine, and was shown to result in significantly better yields under identical conditions. Finally, the authors demonstrated that the PEPPSI catalyst system is very adept at performing sequential KTC coupling reactions, analogous to multicomponent reactions, which allow complex polyaryl and polyheteroaryl architectures to be produced in one single operation. 92796-68-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of biaryls via Kumada-Tamao-Corriu cross-coupling reaction of aryl halides or alcs. with Grignard reagents utilizing PEPPSI precatalysts)

RN 927706-68-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 1,3,5-trimethyl-4-(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 6 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:302956 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:8119

TITLE: New air-stable catalysts for general and efficient
Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reactions of heteroaryl

chlorides

AUTHOR(S): Guram, Anil S.; King, Anthony O.; Allen, John G.;

Wang, Xianghong; Schenkel, Laurie B.; Chan, Johann; Bunel, Emilio E.; Faul, Margaret M.; Larsen, Robert

D.; Martinelli, Michael J.; Reider, Paul J. Chemistry Research and Discovery, Amgen Inc., Thousand

Oaks, CA, 91320, USA

SOURCE: Organic Letters (2006), 8(9), 1787-1789

CODEN: ORLEF7; ISSN: 1523-7060

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 145:8119

3 Air-stable PdCl2(PtBu2(p-R-Ph))2 (R = H, NMe2, CF3,) complexes represent simple, general, and efficient catalysts for the Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reactions of aryl halides including five-membered heteroaryl halides and heteroatom-substituted six-membered heteroaryl chlorides with a diverse range of arylboronic acids. High product yields and turn-over-nos. (10 000 TON) were obsd.

IT 887919-41-7P

CORPORATE SOURCE:

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of biaryls via palladium-catalyzed Suzuki-Miyaura

cross-coupling reaction of aryl or heteroaryl chlorides or bromotrimethylpyrazole with arylboronic acids)

RN 887919-41-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,3,5-trimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 7 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:872790 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:350155

TITLE: Preparation of phenyl-substituted heterocycles as MIF inhibitors for the treatment of inflammatory diseases INVENTOR(S): Morand, Eric Francis; Iskander, Magdy Naquib; Skene,

Colin Edward

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cortical Pty. Ltd., Australia

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 144 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATE		10.			KIN		DATE			APPL					D	ATE		
WO 2					A1										2	0040	407	
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,	
								PT,										
		TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	
								TM,										
		ES.	FI.	FR.	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE.	IT.	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT.	RO,	SE,	SI,	
		SK,	TR.	BF.	BJ,	CF.	CG.	CI.	CM,	GA,	GN,	GO,	GW,	ML,	MR.	NE.	SN,	
		TD.	TG															
AU 2	004	22806	59		A1		2004	1021		AU 2	004-	2280	69		2	0040	407	
CA 2	5216	506			A1		2004	1021		CA 2	004-	2521	606		2	0040	407	
EP 1	611	120			A1		2006	0104		EP 2	004-	7260	68		2	0040	407	
	R:	AT.	BE.	CH.	DE.	DK.	ES.	FR,	GB.	GR.	IT.	LI.	LU.	NL.	SE.	MC.	PT.	
								MK,										1
JP 2	006																	
US 2	007	0010	563		A1		2007	0111		US 2	005-	5525	9.5		2	0051	007	
								0922								0051		

ZA 2005008847 IN 2008KN02178	A A	20061025 20090116		2005-8847 2008-KN2178		20051101 20080530
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			AU	2003-901579	A	20030407
			AU	2003-906773	A	20031208
			WO	2004-AU453	W	20040407
			IN	2005-KN2068	A3	20051021

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:350155

- AB Title compds. I [wherein X, X', Y, Y' = independently C(R5)2, O, S, NR5; Z = a bond, C(R5)2, O, S, NR5; or XX', YY', X'Z, or Y'Z = CR5=CR5, CR5=N, N=CR5, N=N; R1 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, acyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, amino, etc.; R2, R4 = independently H, alkyl, hydroxy(alkyl), mercapto(alkyl), haloalkyl, nitroalkyl, etc.; R3 = alkyl, hydroxy(alkyl), mercapto(alkyl), haloalkyl, nitroalkyl, (hetero)aryl(alkyl), etc.; with provisos; or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof| were prepd. for inhibiting the cytokine or biol. activity of macrophage migration inhibitory factor (MIF). Examples include syntheses for forty-five invention compds, and eight bioassays. For instance, reaction of 3-methyl-4-hydroxybenzaldehyde with ethylene glycol in the presence of p-toluenesulfonic acid in toluene provided the dioxolane II (24%). The latter significantly inhibited the induction of S112 human fibroblast proliferation at 1 nM and suppressed MIF-dependent IL-1 induced fibroblast cyclooxygenase-2 expression by 10.5% at 0.01 .mu.M up to 31.4% at 50 .mu.M. No cytotoxicity, i.e., no significant increase in apoptotic cells or decrease in viable cells, resulted from treatment of S112 human dermal fibroblasts with therapeutic concns. (50 .mu.M) of II. Thus, I and their pharmaceutical compns, are useful for treating autoimmune diseases, tumors, or inflammatory diseases.
  - IT 777063-40-82, 4-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1-(3-methylbutyl)-1H-pyrazole 777063-42-92, 1-(3-Methylbutyl)-4-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazole RL: PRC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
- (MIF inhibitor; prepn. of Ph-substituted heterocycles as MIF inhibitors for treatment of inflammatory diseases, tumors, or autoimmune diseases) RN 777063-40-8 CAPLUS
- CN 1H-Pyrazole, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(3-methylbutyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 777063-42-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 1-(3-methylbutyl)-4-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 8 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:71793 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:122667

TITLE: Preparation of benzodiazepines as vasopressin agonists

for the treatment of diabetes insipidus
INVENTOR(S): Dusza, John P.; Chan, Peter S.; Albright, Jay D.;

Bagli, Jehan F.; Failli, Amedeo A.; Ashwell, Mark A.; Molinari, Albert J.; Caggiano, Thomas J.; Trybulski,

Eugene J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Wyeth, John, and Brother Ltd., USA SOURCE: U.S., 45 pp.

SOURCE: U.S., 45 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

US 6511974 B1 20030128 US 1998-122020 19980724
US 20030134845 A1 20030717 US 2002-320761 20021216
US 7138393 B2 20061121
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:: US 1997-54252P P 19970730
US 1998-122020 A2 19980724

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:122667

G]

- AB Title compds. I [A, B, E, G = CH, N; D = N, C-W; R1 = CN, CO2H, CONH2, etc.; X, Y = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; W = H, halo, alkyl, etc.] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepd. For example, condensation of fluorobenzoyl II and the sodium salt of 3-methylpyrazol afforded claimed benzodiazepine III. In vasopressin V2 agonist studies of Brattleboro rats with central diabetes insipidus, 78-specific examples of compds. I exhibited urine vol. decrease ranging from 3-80%, e.g., benzodiazepine III decreased urine vol. by 80%. Compds. I are claimed useful for the treatment of diabetes insipidus, nocturnal enursis, nocturia (sic), etc.
- IT 37921-13-2F, 1-Methyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazole RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
  - (intermediate, prepn. of benzodiazepines as vasopressin V2 agonists for the treatment of diabetes insipidus)
- RN 37921-11-2 CAPLUS
- CN 1H-Pyrazole, 1-methyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L16 ANSWER 9 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:247184 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:266333

TITLE: Preparation and formulation of aryl

5H,11H-pyrrolo[2,1-c][1,4]benzodiazepin-10-yl ketones

and analogs as vasopressin agonists

Yoon, Joseph Kyuwung; Saunders, Richard William; INVENTOR(S): Fawzi, Mahdi Bakir

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Co., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 154 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

OTHER SOURCE(S):

GI

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	ю.	KIND		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	022969 022969	A2		WO 2000-US26380	20000926
W:	CR, CU, C HU, ID, I LU, LV, M	Z, DE, D L, IN, I A, MD, M	DK, DM, DZ, IS, JP, KE, IG, MK, MN,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA,	GE, GH, GM, HR, LK, LR, LS, LT, PL, PT, RO, RU,
	DE, DK, E	S, FI, F I, CM, G	R, GB, GR, GA, GN, GW,	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, US 2000-669204	PT, SE, BF, BJ, TG
CA 2385 EP 1216	971 045	A1 A2	20010405 20020626	CA 2000-2385971 EP 2000-965432 GB, GR, IT, LI, LU,	20000926 20000926
JP 2003	IE, SI, I 510280 003191	T, LV, F T A	PI, RO, MK, 20030318		20000926 20020326 A 19990927
				WO 2000-US26380	

MARPAT 134:266333

AB The title tricyclic vasopressin agonists (I) [wherein A, B, E, and G = independently CH or N; D = independently CW or N; R1 = alkanoyl, CN, CO2H, CONH2, C.tplbond.CH, C.tplbond.CR9, or (un)substituted 5-membered

heterocycles, such as pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, triazolyl, pyrrolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl, or tetrazolyl; R9 = H, TMS, or alkyl; X and Y = independently H, (cyclo)alkyl perfluoroalkyl, alkoxy(alkyl), halo, or OH; W = H, halo, (alkoxy)alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, or CH2NR6R7; R6and R7 = independently H, alkyl, or taken together with the N to which they are attached form a pyrrolyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, alkylpiperazinyl, triazolyl, imidazolyl, or pyrazolyl ring; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof] were prepd. Thus, 4-fluoro-2-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride was coupled with 10,11dihydro-5H-pyrrolo[2.1- c][1.4]benzodiazepine in CH2C12 to give (4-fluoro-2trifluoromethylphenyl) (5H, 11H-pyrrolo[2,1-c][1,4]benzodiazepin-10yl)methanone. 3-Methylpyrazole was treated with 60% NaH in DMF, the fluorophenyl deriy, added, and the mixt, heated in a sand bath at 110.degree.C for 15 h to afford II. Administration of 1-10 mg/kg of II to homozygous Brattleboro rats with central diabetes insipidus resulted in an 80% decrease in urine vol. and a 360% increase in urine osmolality. Thirty-two examples of formulations comprising from 1% to 20% of active ingredient, from 1% to 18% of a surfactant component, from 50% to 80% of a component of one or more polyethylene glycols, from 1% to 20% of a component of one or more sucrose fatty acid esters and/or polyvinylpyrrolidone and, optionally, one or more preservatives or antioxidants are also described. I are useful in the treatment of diabetes insipidus, nocturnal enuresis, nocturia, urinary incontinence, or bleeding and coaquiation disorders, including hemophilia (no

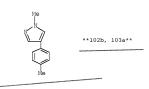
TΤ 37921-11-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(prepn. and formulation of aryl

5H,11H-pvrrolo[2,1-c][1,4]benzodiazepin-10-vl ketone vasopressin agonists by coupling aroyl halides with pyrrolobenzodiazepines) 37921-11-2 CAPLUS

RN CN 1H-Pyrazole, 1-methyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

INVENTOR(S):

L16 ANSWER 10 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

1999:113685 CAPLUS Full-text 130:168402 Preparation of N-benzovlpvrrolobenzodiazepines and analogs as vasopressin V2 receptor agonists Dusza, John Paul; Chan, Peter Sinchun; Albright, Jay Donald; Bagli, Jehan Framroz; Failli, Amedeo Arturo; Ashwell, Mark Anthony; Molinari, Albert John;

Caggiano, Thomas Joseph; Trybulski, Eugene John

American Home Products Corporation, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 133 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

	TENT I						DATE							NO.			ATE	
WO	9906																	
	W:						BA,											
							GE,											
							LR,											
							RU,		SE,	SC	3, S	SΙ,	SK,	SL,	ΤJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,
							ZW											
	RW:																	
							IT,						SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,
			GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TI	), T	ľG						
	2297				A1		1999 2009 1999 2003	0211		CA	199	8-2	2297	406		1	9980	724
	2297				C		2009	0224										
	9886				A		1999	0222		ΑU	199	8-8	3663	3		1	9980	724
	7569.				B2		2003	0130										
	1000				L/T		2000	001/		EΡ	199	8-9	380	17		1	9980	724
EP	1000	062			B1		2004	0922										
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GE	₹, I	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	PT,	IE,
					FI,													
BR	9811	585			A		2000	0926		BR	199	8-1	1158	5		1	9980	724
HU	2000	0024	80		A2		2000	1128		HU	200	00-2	2480			1	9980	724
HU	2000	0024	80		A3		2002	0930										
JP	2001 5024	5121	25		T		2001	0821		JP	200	0-5	051	67		1	9980	724
NZ	5024	49			A		2002	0828		NZ	199	8-5	024	49		1	9980	724
RU	2213	094			C2		2003	0927		RU	200	00-1	1048	65		1	9980	724
AT	2770	50			T		2004	1015		ΑT	199	8-9	380	17		1	9980	724
CN	2770 1183	134			C		2005	0105		CN	199	8-8	3096	41		1	9980	724
ES	2229.	525			Т3		2005	0416		ES	199	98-9	380	17		1	9980	724
TW	5020	35			В		2002	0911		TW	199	8-8	3711:	2353		1	9980	728
ZA	9806	784			A		2000	0622		ZA	199	8-8	784			1	9980	729
	2000																	
	3152	73			B1		2003	0811										
MX	2000	0007	58		A		2001	0629		MX	200	00-7	758			2	0000	121
PRIORIT																	9970	
										WO	199	J-8	JS15	495		W 1	9980	724
OTHER S	DURCE	(S):			MAR	PAT	130:	16840	)2									

GI

AB

(un) substituted 1,4-phenylene, -pyridine- or -pyrimidine-5,2-diyl] were prepd. Thus, I (D-G = CH, R2 = H)(II; R = H) was amidated by 4-fluoro-2trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride and the product aminated by 3-methylpyrazole to give II [R = 4-(3-methyl-1-pyrazolyl)-2-trifluoromethylbenzoyl]. Data for biol. activity of I were given.

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of N-benzoylpyrrolobenzodiazepines and analogs as vasopressin V2 receptor agonists)

RN 37921-11-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 1-methyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 11 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:630403 CAPLUS Full-text 101:230403

DOCUMENT NUMBER: ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 101:34985a,34988a

TITLE:

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

OTHER SOURCE(S):

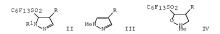
1,3-Dipolar cycloadditions with .alpha.,.beta.-unsaturated fluoroalkyl sulfones

Abad, E.; Fayn, J.; Bertaina, B.; Cambon, A. Lab. Chim. Org. Fluor, Univ. Nice, Nice, F-06034, Fr. Journal of Fluorine Chemistry (1984), 25(4), 453-64

CODEN: JEECAR; ISSN: 0022-1139

Journa1 Erench

CASREACT 101:230403



AB The cycloaddn. of C6F13SO2CH:CHR (I; C6F13 = perfluorohexyl; R = C6H4OMe-4) with CH2N2 gave 74% of an 85-15 mixt. of pyrazolines II (R1 = H, Me). I (R = 2-furyl, 2-thiophenyl) and H2CN2 gave 80.5, 97.5% resp. of mixts. of II (R1 = Me) and pyrazoles III. Nitrone H2CN+(Me)O- underwent cycloaddn. with I (R =

C6H4OMe-4, 2-furyl, 2-thiophenyl) to give 22-30% of the single products, isoxazolidines IV.

93399-98-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)

RN 93399-98-5 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 4,5-dihydro-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-5-

[(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-tridecafluorohexyl)sulfonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L16 ANSWER 12 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:85691 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

100:85691 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 100:12997a,13000a

4-Phenylpyrazoles

TITLE: PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Grelan Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO.

JP	58177977
PRIORIT	Y APPLN. INFO.:

KIND	DATE
A	19831018

APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 1982-57996	19820409
JP 1982-57996	19820409

AB The title compds. I [R = alkyl, aryl; R1 = alkyl, HO2C, alkoxycarbonyl] were prepd. Thus, refluxing a mixt. of 12 g p-EtO2CC6H4C(:CHSMe)CHO, 4.416 g MeNHNH2, and 100 mL EtOH for 14 h gave 9.94 g I (R = Me, R1 = p-EtO2C).

IT 37921-11-2P 82525-24-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)

RN 37921-11-2 CAPLUS CN 1H-Pyrazole, 1-methyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 82525-24-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



L16 ANSWER 13 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:562920 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:162920

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 97:27177a,27180a

TITLE: A new and facile synthesis of 5-arylpyrimidines and

4-arylpyrazoles AUTHOR(S): Kano, Shinzo; Yuasa, Yoko; Shibuya, Shiroshi; Hibino,

Satoshi Tokyo Coll. Pharm., Tokyo, 192-03, Japan

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE: Heterocycles (1982), 19(6), 1079-82

CODEN: HTCYAM; ISSN: 0385-5414

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 97:162920

GI

- The cyclocondensation reaction of acroleins 4-RC6H4C(CHO):CHSMe (R = Me, OMe, F, C1, CO2Et) with R1C(:NH)NH2 (R1 = H, Me, NH2) and R2NHNH2 (R2 = Me, Ph) gave the resp. pyrimidines I and pyrazoles II; I are useful as antiinflammatory agents (no data). Thus, a mixt. of 4-MeC6H4C(CHO):CHSMe, HC(:NH)NH2.cntdot.HOAc, and Na2CO3 in EtOH was refluxed to give I (R = Me, R1 = H).
- 37921-11-2P 82525-24-4P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
- RN 37921-11-2 CAPLUS CN 1H-Pyrazole, 1-methyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 82525-24-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazole, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



L16 ANSWER 14 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:539882 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:139882

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 77:23001a,23004a

Pyrazoles. IX. Nitration of TITLE: 1-methvl-4-phenvlpvrazole

AUTHOR(S): Cohen-Fernandes, Pauline; Habraken, Clarisse L. CORPORATE SOURCE: Gorlaeus Lab., Univ. Leiden, Leiden, Neth. SOURCE: Recueil des Travaux Chimiques des Pays-Bas (1972),

91(9-10), 1185-92

CODEN: RTCPA3; ISSN: 0165-0513

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

- AR The phenyl and the pyrazole ring were both substituted on nitration with acetyl nitrate and a predominant ortho substitution in the phenyl ring was obsd. The pyrazole ring was susceptible to nitration at positions other than the, hitherto favored, 4-position.
- 37921-11-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)

- 37921-11-2 CAPLUS RN
- CN 1H-Pyrazole, 1-methyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L16 ANSWER 15 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN 1960:110484 CAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 54:110484

Josef

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 54:21054b-i,21055a-i,21056a-c

TITLE: The rearrangement of 3,3-disubstituted pyrazolenines Huttel, Rudolf; Franke, Karl; Martin, Hedwig; Riedl,

AUTHOR(S):

Univ. Munich, Germany

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

Chemische Berichte (1960), 93, 1433-46

CODEN: CHBEAM: ISSN: 0009-2940

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

CASREACT 54:110484 OTHER SOURCE(S):

cf. preceding abstr. The acid-catalyzed, alk., and thermal rearrangement of 3,3-disubstituted pyrazolenines to pyrazoles was, as far as the migration of the substituent to the C-4 atom was concerned, a sextet-rearrangement. This was concluded from a comparison of the rates of migration of various substituents. Me 3-methyl-3-phenylpyrazolenine-5-carboxylate (I) (100 mg.) heated slowly to 82-3.degree., and the resulting melt heated further to resolidify and then remelt at 143-6.degree. and recrystd. from petr. ether gave 60% Me ester (II) of 3-methyl-4-phenyl-5-carboxypyrazole (III), needles, m. 154.degree.. I boiled briefly in H2O gave 90% II, which kept 12 hrs. in cold glacial AcOH yielded 83% II, or refluxed 6 hrs. in MeOH gave 80% II. II (300 mg.) and 30 cc. 10% alc. NaOH kept overnight, dild. with H2O, neutralized with dil. HCl, and filtered, the filtrate evapd., the residue extd. with EtOH, and the residue from the ext. combined with the filter residue yielded 82% III, m. 253-4.degree. (decompn.) (EtOH), which decarboxylated gave at 255.degree./12 mm. 3-methyl-1-phenylpyrazole, m. 140-1.degree.. A small amt. of 3-phenyl-3-(p-bromophenyl) analog (IV) of I refluxed 0.5 hr. in MeOH and cooled gave a mixt. of Me ester (V) of 3-phenyl-4-(p-bromophenyl)pyrazole-5carboxylic acid (VI) and Me 4-phenyl-3-(p-bromophenyl)pyrazole-5-carboxylate (VII). IV (4 g.) in 100 cc. EtOH refluxed 20 min., cooled, and fractionally concd. vielded 0.90 g. V, m. 229-32.degree., 1.78 g. mixt. of V and VII, and 0.43 q. yellowish residues. Fraction 2 sapond, and decarboxylated yielded a

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mixt. (m. 164.5.degree.) of 5.7% 3-phenyl-4-(p-bromophenyl)pyrazole (VIIa) (m.
155.degree.) and 94.3% 4-phenyl-3-(p-bromophenyl)pyrazole (VIII) (m.
166.3.degree.). V (0.9 g.) and 10 cc. 5% aq. alc. KOH refluxed while allowing
the EtOH to evap., and the residual ag. soln. acidified with HCl gave 93% VI,
m. 249-52.degree.. A small amt. of VI heated to 280.degree. until the gas
evolution ceased, the resulting yellow glass boiled with ligroine, and the
ext. concd. gave VIIa, needles, m. 133-4.degree.. Fraction 2 sapond. and
decarboxylated gave a mixt., m. 141-61.degree., of VIIa and VIII. p-
BrC6H4CH2COC1 (70 g.) in 300 cc. dry C6H6 treated gradually with 40 g. AlCl3,
refluxed 1 hr., cooled, poured onto 800 g. ice and 32 cc. concd. HCl, and
filtered yielded 67% p-BrC6H4CH2COPh (IX), platelets, m. 146-7.degree. (MeOH).
Dry HCO2Et (5 cc.) added with cooling to 1 g. Na in 15 cc. abs. EtOH, kept 3
hrs. in ice, treated with 12 g. IX, kept several days, dild. with 200 cc. iced
H2O, filtered to remove 6.3 g. unchanged IX, acidified with dil. HCl, and
filtered gave 68.5% p-BrC6H4CHBzCHO (X), m. 130-2.degree. (EtOH), violet with
FeCl3. X (3.5 g.) in 100 cc. EtOH treated with stirring with 0.81 cc. 80%
N2H4.H2O, heated briefly, concd., and refrigerated gave 2.55 g. VIIa, needles,
m. 80-5.degree. resolidifying and remelting 151-3.degree., needles, m. 133-
4.degree. (ligroine); the melt of the low-melting form seeded with the high
melting form resolidified and rem. 155.degree.. p-BrC6H4COCH2Ph (XI) (12 g.)
treated in the usual manner with HCO2Et gave 6.9 g. unchanged XI and 3.4 g. p-
BrC6H4COCHPhCHO (XII), yellow needles, m. 107-8.degree. (EtOH), purple-red
with FeCl3. XII (3 g.) treated in the usual manner with 0.8 cc. 80% N2H4.H2O
yielded 57% VIII, needles which change shortly before melting to plates, m.
164-5.degree. (ligroine). 3-Methyl-3.5-diphenylpyrazolenine (XIII) (100 mg.)
heated a few min. at 90.degree., cooled, and boiled with ligroine, and the
ext. cooled yielded 85% 3-methyl-4,5-diphenylpyrazole (XIV), m. 175.degree.
(EtOH or ligroine). XIII in glacial AcOH boiled briefly yielded 90% XIV; XIII
kept in cold glacial AcOH gave 92% XIV; XIII treated with a few drops concd.
H2SO4 vielded 55% XIV. The 5-(p-tolv1) homolog (XV) of XIII heated to
97.degree., boiled briefly in glacial AcOH, kept in cold glacial AcOH, or
refluxed 6 hrs. in MeOH yielded 80, 90, 90, and 85%, resp., 5-(p-tolyl)
homolog (XVI) of XIV, m. 170-1.degree. (EtOH or ligroine). PhCH2Ac (12 g.)
and 8 g. NaNH2 in 200 cc. dry Et2O refluxed 4 hrs. with stirring while being
treated with a stream of N, treated with stirring and cooling with 6 g. p-
MeC6H4SO2Cl in Et2O, and acidified with dil. HCl, and the Et2O phase worked up
gave 46% p-MeC6H4CHPhAc (XVII), m. 83-4.degree. (EtOH). XVII (1.5 g.) and 0.5
cc. 78% N2H4 in a few cc. EtOH heated 0.5 hr. on the water bath gave 74% XVI,
needles, m. 171.degree. (EtOH or ligroine). Me 3,3,5-triphenylpyrazolenine-4-
carboxylate (XVIII) (1 q.) in 10 vols. glacial AcOH heated 3 hrs. at
100.degree., poured into 40 cc. H2O, and filtered, and the residue crystd.
from MeOH gave 33% Me 3,4,5-triphenylpyrazolecarboxylate (XIX), needles, m.
200-1.degree.; the mother liquor evapd, vielded 31% Me ester (XX) of 1,3,5-
triphenyl-4-carboxypyrazole (XXI), m. 140-1.degree.. A similar run in glacial
AcOH during 3 hrs. at 100.degree. gave 64% rearranged material consisting of
52% XIX and 48% XX; a run during 7.5 hrs. at 65.degree. gave 5.7% rearranged
material consisting of 67% XIX and 33% XX. XVIII (1.18 g.) and the 5-fold
amt. of maleic anhydride heated 10 hrs. at 100.degree. yielded 580 mg. XIX and
180 mg, XX. XVIII (500 mg.) treated with 1 cc. concd. H2SO4 and poured into
H2O, and the ppt. fractionated from MeOH vielded 370 mg. 3,4,5-
triphenylpyrazole (XXII), m. 265.degree., and 30 mg. XX. XVIII (500 mg.)
heated 1 hr. at 190.degree. gave 340 mg. XX and 30 mg. XXII. XVIII heated 15
hrs. at 160.degree, yielded 84% product consisting of 14% XXII and 86% XX.
XVIII heated 20 hrs. at 105.degree. gave 94% product consisting of 28% XIX and
72% XX. XVIII (500 mg.) refluxed 4 hrs. with 500 mg. KOH in 25 cc. MeOH, the
mixt. dild. with H2O, and the ppt. recrystd. from MeOH gave 260 mg. XXII and
40 mg. unidentified material, C21H16O2, m. 127-8.degree.. XVIII and phthalic
anhydride heated 4 hrs. at 135.degree. gave 83% product consisting of 40% XIX
and 60% XX. XX (800 mg.) and 4.5 g. KOH in 35 cc. MeOH refluxed 2 hrs., poured
into 250 cc. H2O, and acidified with dil. HCl gave 97% XXI, m. 238.degree.
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(decompn.). XXI heated 0.5 hr. above the m.p. gave 79% XXII, m. 139-40.degree.. XIX refluxed 3 hrs. with KOH-MeOH and poured into H2O gave 86% XXII, m, 265.degree.. Me ester (XXIII) of 3-methyl-3,5-diphenylpyrazolenine-4-carboxylic acid (XXIV) in glacial AcOH heated 0.5 hr. on the water bath was recovered unchanged, but treated with a few drops cold concd. H2SO4 rearranged immediately to 3-methyl-4,5-diphenylpyrazole, m. 173-4.degree. (petr. ether), in 85% yield. XXIII (300 mg.) in alc. KOH kept at room temp. overnight, dild. with H2O, and neutralized with H2SO4 gave 58% XXIV, needles, m. 162-4.degree. (decompn.) (MeOH). XXIV (100 mg.) sublimed at 170.degree./12 mm. vielded 70% 3-methyl-4,5-diphenylpyrazole. 3-Methyl-3,5-diphenylpyrazolenine-4carboxaldehyde (XXV) heated 1 hr. with glacial AcOH at 100.degree. was not rearranged. XXV heated briefly at 130.degree, resulted in partial rearrangement. XXV treated 1 min. at room temp. with concd. H2SO4 and dild. with H2O yielded 51% 3-methyl-4,5-diphenylpyrazole, m. 173.degree. (petr. ether). XXV treated 3 hrs. at 60.degree. with AgNO3 and NaOH yielded 60% XXIV, m. 163-4.degree. (decompn.). Di-Me 3-phenyl-3-(pmethoxyphenyl)pyrazolenine- 4,5-dicarboxylate (XXVI) (1 g.) and 10 cc. glacial AcOH refluxed 9 hrs. and poured into 50 cc. H2O, and the viscous ppt. fractionated from MeOH gave 550 mg, unchanged XXVI and 250 mg. Me ester (XXVII) of 3-phenyl-4-(p-methoxyphenyl)pyrazole-5-carboxylic acid (XXVIII), m. 238-9.degree. A similar run in glacial AcOH during 27 hrs. at 100.degree. gave 9.5% XXVII. XXVI (712 mg.) heated 3.5 hrs. at 190.degree. and the residue fractionated from MeOH gave 403 mg. N-Me deriv. (XXIX) of XXVII, m. 114-15.degree., and 41 mg. XXVII. A similar run during 14 hrs. at 140.degree. gave 90% product consisting of 44% XXVII and 56% XXIX. A run during 27 hrs. at 120, degree, gave 36% XXVII, XXVI (500 mg.) treated with 2 cc. concd. H2SO4 and poured after 15 min. into 200 cc. H2O yielded 71.5% XXVII, m. 237.5-8.5.degree. (MeOH). XXVI (500 mg.), 600 mg. KOH, and 25 cc. MeOH refluxed 3 hrs., dild., and acidified gave 73% XXVIII, m. 219-20.degree. (decompn.), also obtained by sapon, of XXVII. XXVIII (400 mg.) heated 15 min. at 290.degree. yielded 76% 3-phenyl-4-(p-methoxyphenyl)pyrazole (XXX), cubes, m. 130-1.degree. (MeOH). XXIX (540 mg.) in 30 cc. MeOH refluxed 0.5 hr. with 400 mg. KOH, poured into 100 cc. H2O, filtered, and acidified gave 81% N-Me deriv. (XXXI) of XXVIII, needles, m. 132.5-3.5.degree.. XXXI (340 mg.) heated 0.5 hr. at 250-60.degree. gave 210 mg. N-Me deriv. (XXXIa) of XXX, cubes, m. 132.5-3.5.degree. (MeOH). Dry HCO2Et (1.7 g.) added with cooling to 0.5 g. Na in 18 cc. abs. EtOH, kept 3 hrs. at 0.degree., treated with 3 g. p-MeOC6H4CH2Bz, kept overnight at 0.degree. with occasional shaking and then 3 days at room temp., poured into 100 cc. iced H2O, filtered and acidified with cold, dil. H2SO4 pptd. 2.6 g. p-MeOC3H4CHBzCHO (XXXII), m. 114-15.degree. (MeOH), violet-brown with FeCl3. XXXII (2.6 g.) in EtOH refluxed 45 min. with 0.6 cc. 78% N2H4.H2O, dild. with H2O, and extd. with Et2O, and the ext. evapd. vielded 2 g. XXX, m. 131-2.degree. (ligroine). XXX (750 mg.), 20 cc. N NaOH, and 1 g. Me2SO4 shaken 4 hrs. with cooling, and heated to 60-70.degree., and the crude product recrystd. from MeOH yielded 540 mg. XXXIa, cubes, m. 132-3.degree.. HCO2Et (2.5 cc.), 0.5 g. Na, and 20 cc. abs. EtOH treated in the usual manner with 4.5 g. p-MeOC6H4COCH2Ph yielded 4.2 g. p-MeOC6H4COCHPhCHO (XXXIII), m. 81-2.degree.. XXXIII (2.5 g.) treated in the usual manner with N2H4.H2O yielded 58% 4-phenyl-3-(p-methoxyphenyl)pyrazole, needles, m. 127-7.5.degree. (ligroine).

III 113014-09-8P, Pyrazole, 4-(p-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-3(or 5)-phenyl-

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)

RN 113014-09-8 CAPLUS

CN Pyrazole, 4-(p-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-3(or 5)-phenyl- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



D1— Ph

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Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG H

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	85.10	467.78
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-12.30	-22.1

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 11:19:07 ON 24 APR 2009